

## Silage additives pH

The forage's quality is a key factor to successful dairy farming – not only regarding the animals' performance but their health as well. Our silage additives **harvest INTERNATIONAL® duo s, plus** and **pH** are able to specifically control the fermentation due to enhanced quality of the silage.

The natural stocking of lactic acid-producing microorganisms on the plant depends on climate and forage and varies with each harvesting. Therefore, it is uncertain whether the lactic acid-producing bacteria will be able to dominate the large amount of other microbes and if the fermentation will be successful. It is only possible to lower the pH through the formation of lactic acid.

The faster the drop in pH, the sooner the microbial activity in the silo will stop and fewer nutrients will be dismantled by microbes. Losses will be reduced and more of the harvested dry matter remains – this concerns especially valuable nutrients like sugar and protein.

## harvest INTERNATIONAL® duo s

Fermentation and stability after opening

One pouch of 200 g treats 100 t of forage



DE-ÖKO-006

may be used in organic production in accordance with Regulation (EC) 2018/848

## harvest INTERNATIONAL<sup>®</sup> plus

Area of focus: stability

One pouch of 100 g treats 100 t of forage



## harvest INTERNATIONAL<sup>®</sup> pH

Area of focus: fermentation

One pouch of 75 g treats 50 t of forage



## harvest INTERNATIONAL<sup>®</sup> duo s



## DE-ÖKO-006

may be used in organic production in accordance with **Regulation (EC)** 2018/848

## Fermentation and stability after opening

As soon as oxygen is available and the silage warms up, important nutritions vanish because of the veast's increasing activity. harvest INTERNATIONAL<sup>®</sup> duo s is a combination of a homofermentative strain with a tried and tested Lentilactobacillus buchneri (formerly Lactobacillus buchneri). The homofermentative strain reliably and quickly lowers the pH value, creating the right climate for *L. buchneri*. The latter then immediately begins to produce acetic acid, thus suppressing the development of yeasts and fungi.

#### (grass silage 34.9 % DM) 5.0 untreated 4,9 harvest 4.8 INTERNATIONAL duo s 4,7 4.6 4.5 4.4 4,3 4.2 4.0 after 3 days after 90 days

Rapid pH value reduction

Lentilactobacillus buchneri is mainly used to improve

A special Lentilactobacillus buchneri

source: University of Animal Science, Lithuania

the stability. Life in a family of bacteria is not unlike real life, as can be seen by the results of trials conducted with various strains of

Buchneri. Even though Paul and Henry Smith belong to the same family, Paul might be great in math while Henry is only average. And characteristics of the different strains of Buchneri differ just as widely. - The following chart illustrates the trial data of four strains of Buchneri as published in EFSA\* journal.



## Stability after opening

Through using harvest INTERNATIONAL<sup>®</sup> duo s, the stock of yeast and fungus in the silage decreases immensely (see chart on the right). Consequently, the stability after opening enhances (see chart on the left below).



#### Usage recommendations

- grass silages and grass/ clover mixtures > 30 % DM
- whole plant silages (WPS) from 30 % DM
- maize silages

#### Dosage: 2 g per t

#### Dry matter losses

pН

It is common knowledge that dry matter losses with Lentilactobacillus buchneri are higher than the ones occurring in untreated silages (see chart on the left). The strain of *L. buchneri* used in harvest INTERNATIONAL<sup>®</sup> duo s and plus, however, is atypical as it significantly reduces dry matter losses. Compared to untreated silages, this efficient fermentation saves more nutrients.



source: University of Animal Science, Lithuania

source: data provided by

in 2013

manufacturers submitted to EFSA\*. Published in EFSA\* journal

## harvest INTERNATIONAL<sup>®</sup> plus



harvest INTERNATIONAL<sup>®</sup> plus is the product for the improvement of stability after opening.

### **Aerobic stability**

In addition to the reduced DM losses and a significant production of lactic acid, the *Buchneri* strain in **harvest INTERNATIONAL® plus** is able to document a reliable improvement in the stability after opening. Once the silage is exposed to



#### **Usage recommendations**

• grass, maize and WPS, DM: 30 - 50 %

Silages with high DM contents and inadequate compression as well as an inadequate filling have a tendency to mould. After opening, make sure to secure the cutting surface from penetration of air - e. g. by installing a silage gravel bag air barrier.

Maintain a feeding rate of at least 1.5 m in winter and 2.5 m in summer.

Dosage: Apply 1 g of harvest INTERNATIONAL® plus per tonne of forage.

## harvest INTERNATIONAL® pH

#### Area of focus: fermentation

- dominant, homofermentative lactic acid bacteria
- fast production of lactic acid in order to rapidly lower the pH
- low sugar consumption, preserves nutrients
- better digestibility of organic substances
- high palatability, improves feed intake

#### Usage recommendations

- wet grass silages
- protein plants (clover, lucerne)
- late cuts of grass in autumn (low sugar)

**Dosage**: Apply 1.5 g of **harvest** INTERNATIONAL® **pH** per tonne of forage.



source: Jones, Satter & Muck 1992

Data provided by the trials the respective manufacturers submitted to EFSA\*. Published in EFSA\* journal in 2013

\*EFSA = European Food Safety Authority







## Usage instructions

## harvest INTERNATIONAL<sup>®</sup> silage additives

Dissolve the freeze-dried powder in a sufficient amount of water and apply evenly over the forage using the suitable amount of water for your applicator. The mixed solution should be used up within 48 hours.

## Shelf life

18 months from date of manufacture (DOM) if stored at a temperature of  $\leq$  22 °C

# Recommendation of usage





harvest international®		duo s	plus	рН
2	grass: < 30 % DM resp. contaminated with dirt			$\checkmark$
	grass: > 30 % DM, forage rye	$\checkmark$		
X	grass: > 30 % with a lot of sugar	$\checkmark$	( 🗸 )	
	corn: < 35 % DM	$\checkmark$	(🔨 )	
	corn: > 35 % DM	( 🗸 )	$\checkmark$	
T	whole crop cereal silage	$\checkmark$		
	clover, lucerne			$\checkmark$

Distributor: